Doc Code: AP.PRE.REQ

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PRE-APPEAL BRIEF REQUEST FOR REVIEW		Docket Number (Optional)			
		9400-65 (030472)			
I hereby certify that this correspondence is being deposited with the United States Postal Service with sufficient postage as first class mail	Application Number			Filed	
in an envelope addressed to "Mail Stop AF, Commissioner for Patents, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450" [37 CFR 1.8(a)]	10/652,815			August 29, 2003	
on	First Named Inventor				
Signature	Keith O. Cowan				
	Art Unit		Exa	miner	
Typed or printed name	3627		Lui	Luna Champagne	
Applicant requests review of the final rejection in the above-identified application. No amendments are being filed with this request.					
This request is being filed with a notice of appeal.					
The review is requested for the reason(s) stated on the attached sheet(s). Note: No more than five (5) pages may be provided.					
I am the	Cutt Mton				
applicant/inventor.	Signature				
assignee of record of the entire interest.	D. Scott Moore Typed or printed name				
See 37 CFR 3.71. Statement under 37 CFR 3.73(b) is enclosed. (Form PTO/SB/96)					
X attorney or agent of record. 42,011	(919) 854–1400				
Registration number		Telephone number			
attorney or agent acting under 37 CFR 1.34.	February 26, 2008 Date				
Registration number if acting under 37 CFR 1.34					
NOTE: Signatures of all the inventors or assignees of record of the entire interest or their representative(s) are required. Submit multiple forms if more than one signature is required, see below*.					
*Total of forms are submitted.					

This collection of information is required by 35 U.S.C. 132. The information is required to obtain or retain a benefit by the public which is to file (and by the USPTO to process) an application. Confidentiality is governed by 35 U.S.C. 122 and 37 CFR 1.11, 1.14 and 41.6. This collection is estimated to take 12 minutes to complete, including gathering, preparing, and submitting the completed application form to the USPTO. Time will vary depending upon the individual case. Any comments on the amount of time you require to complete this form and/or suggestions for reducing this burden, should be sent to the Chief Information Officer, U.S. Patent and Trademark Office, U.S. Department of Commerce, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450. DO NOT SEND FEES OR COMPLETED FORMS TO THIS ADDRESS. SEND TO: Mail Stop AF, Commissioner for Patents, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450.

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- 6. A record in this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to another federal agency for purposes of National Security review (35 U.S.C. 181) and for review pursuant to the Atomic Energy Act (42 U.S.C. 218(c)).
- 7. A record from this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to the Administrator, General Services, or his/her designee, during an inspection of records conducted by GSA as part of that agency's responsibility to recommend improvements in records management practices and programs, under authority of 44 U.S.C. 2904 and 2906. Such disclosure shall be made in accordance with the GSA regulations governing inspection of records for this purpose, and any other relevant (i.e., GSA or Commerce) directive. Such disclosure shall not be used to make determinations about individuals.
- 8. A record from this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to the public after either publication of the application pursuant to 35 U.S.C. 122(b) or issuance of a patent pursuant to 35 U.S.C. 151. Further, a record may be disclosed, subject to the limitations of 37 CFR 1.14, as a routine use, to the public if the record was filed in an application which became abandoned or in which the proceedings were terminated and which application is referenced by either a published application, an application open to public inspection or an issued patent.
- A record from this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to a Federal, State, or local law enforcement agency, if the USPTO becomes aware of a violation or potential violation of law or regulation.

RESPONSE UNDER 37 C.F.R. 1.116 **EXPEDITED PROCEDURE EXAMINING GROUP 3627**

ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. 9400-65 (030472)

PATENT

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

In re: Douglas A. Bulleit

Confirmation No.: 2478

Application No.: 10/652,815

Group Art Unit: 3627

Filed: August 29, 2003

Examiner: Luna Champagne

For: METHODS, SYSTEMS, AND COMPUTER PROGRAM PRODUCTS FOR

ALLOCATING COSTS IN USING A BROADBAND COMMUNICATION NETWORK

Date: February 26, 2008

Mail Stop AF Commissioner for Patents P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, VA 22313-1450

REASONS IN SUPPORT OF APPLICANTS' PRE-APPEAL **BRIEF REQUEST FOR REVIEW**

Sir:

This document is submitted in support of the Pre-Appeal Brief Request for Review filed concurrently with a Notice of Appeal in compliance with 37 C.F.R. 41.31 and with the rules set out in the OG of July 12, 2005 for the New Appeal Brief Conference Pilot Program, which have been extended indefinitely

No fee or extension of time is believed due for this request. However, if any fee or extension of time for this request is required, Applicants request that this be considered a petition therefor. The Commissioner is hereby authorized to charge any additional fee, which may be required, or credit any refund, to our Deposit Account No. 50-0220.

Applicants hereby request a Pre-Appeal Brief Review (hereinafter "Request") of the claims finally rejected in the Final Office Action mailed December 5, 2007 (hereinafter "Final Action"). The Request is provided herewith in accordance with the rules set out in the OG dated July 12, 2005.

Applicants respectfully submit that the rejections of the currently pending claims are clearly erroneous because many of the recitations of the pending claims are not met by the cited references for at least the reasons discussed herein and in Applicants' previously filed Amendment dated October 9, 2007. Therefore, Applicants respectfully request review of the

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present application by an appeal conference prior to the filing of an appeal brief. In the interest of brevity and without waiving the right to argue additional grounds should this Petition be denied, Applicants will only discuss the recitations of independent Claims 1, 13, 17, and 29 and dependent Claims 3, 15, 19, and 31.

Independent Claims 1, 13, 17, and 29 are Patentable

Independent Claims 1, 13, 17, and 29 stand rejected under 35 U.S.C. §102(b) as being anticipated by U. S. Patent No. 5,970,477 to Roden (hereinafter "Roden"). (Final Action, page 2). Independent Claim 1 is directed to a method of operating a <u>broadband</u> communication network, and recites:

establishing a communication flow between a network access terminal and a site using the <u>broadband</u> communication network; and allocating a cost of the communication flow between the network access terminal and the site between a first account associated with a user of the network access terminal and a second account associated with an entity other than the user of the network access terminal. (Emphasis added).

Independent Claims 17 and 29 include similar recitations. Independent Claim 13 is directed to a point of presence system, and recites:

a <u>broadband</u> access node that is configured to establish a communication flow between a network access terminal and a site using a <u>broadband</u> communication network; and

a billing system that is configured to allocate a cost of the communication flow between the network access terminal and the site between a first account associated with a user of the network access terminal and a second account associated with an entity other than the user of the network access terminal. (Emphasis added).

Independent Claims 1, 13, 17, and 29 include recitations directed to allocating a cost of a communication flow in a broadband communication network between a first account associated with a user of a network access terminal and a second account associated with another entity.

Applicants acknowledge that Roden describes allocating costs between different

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entities <u>in a narrowband network</u>. (Roden, col. 8, line 43 - col. 10, line 3). In sharp contrast with the recitations of independent Claims 1, 13, 17, and 29, however, Roden does not disclose or suggest allocating a cost of a communication flow between an account associated with a user of a network access terminal and a second account associated with another entity in a <u>broadband communication network</u>. As shown in FIG. 2 of Roden, a user accesses an <u>Internet site 18 through a modem pool 32, which provides a narrowband connection</u>. By contrast, as shown in FIG. 2 of the present Specification, a broadband access node 210 may provide a user with a broadband connection to access an Internet site 208.

In response to this argument, the Final Action states "Roden continues teaching a method and system for providing an end-user with Internet-access (broadband) in column 6, lines 26 and 27." (Final Action, page 8). It appears that the Final Action is equating Internet access with a broadband communication connection. The Internet can be accessed through a broadband connection, such as that provided by DSL or cable modem technology, for example, and the Internet can also be accessed through a narrowband connection, such as that provided by dial-up access over a modem. Applicants agree that Roden teaches allocating costs for **narrowband** Internet access between different entities. Applicants submit, however, that Roden provides no teaching with respect to allocating costs for **broadband** Internet access between different entities. Accordingly, Applicants continue to maintain that Roden fails to disclose or suggest, at least, allocating a cost of a communication flow between an account associated with a user of a network access terminal and a second account associated with another entity in a broadband communication network.

For at least the foregoing reasons, Applicants respectfully requests that the present application be reviewed and that the rejection of independent Claims 1, 13, 17, and 29 be reversed by the appeal conference prior to the filing of an appeal brief.

Various Dependent Claims are Separately Patentable

Dependent Claims 4 - 9, 20 - 25, and 32 - 37 stand rejected under 35 U.S.C. §102(b) as being anticipated by Roden. (Final Action, page 2). These claims depend from dependent Claims 3, 19, and 31, respectively, which include recitations that the Final Action

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acknowledges are not taught by Roden. (Final Action, page 7). Applicants submit, therefore, that dependent Claims 4 - 9, 20 - 25, and 32 - 37 are separately patentable over Roden for at least these additional reasons.

For at least the foregoing reasons, Applicants respectfully requests that the present application be reviewed and that the rejection of dependent Claims 4 - 9, 20 - 25, and 32 - 37 be reversed by the appeal conference prior to the filing of an appeal brief.

Dependent Claims 3, 15, 19, and 31 stand rejected under 35 U.S.C. §103(a) as being unpatentable over Roden in view of U. S. Patent No. 6,775,267 to Kung et al. (hereinafter "Kung"). (Final Action, page 6). The Final Action acknowledges that Roden does not disclose or suggest allocating the cost of a communication flow between first and second accounts based on whether the communication flow is at a base performance level or an enhanced performance level, but alleges that Kung provides the missing teachings. (Final Action, page 7). Applicants respectfully disagree. Kung describes billing a customer for a communication service based on the level and/or quality of the service that is provided. (Kung, col. 33, line 49 - col. 34, line 34). Kung does not disclose or suggest allocating costs between the end user and another party, such as the service provider, based on the level and/or quality of service provided to the end user. Instead, Kung describes billing all costs to the end user with the amount being based on the level and/or quality of service actually provided. Applicants submit that the combination of Roden and Kung would result in a system in which the costs of a narrowband communication flow could be allocated between a user and another party and the cost differentials based on whether the communication flow is at a base performance level or an enhanced performance level would be allocated solely to the end user based on the actual level and/or quality of service delivered to the end user.

In response to this argument, the Final Action states that Kung teaches a method of providing a user with a choice between a base performance level and an enhanced performance level for broadband access along with billing for the communication service. (Final Action, page 8). Applicants do not disagree that Kung teaches billing for a communication service based on the level and/or quality of service provided. Applicants submit, however, that Kung teaches that all the costs for the communication service are

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billed to the end user. Kung fails to disclose or suggest allocating costs between different entities based on whether the communication service is provided at a base or enhanced performance level.

For at least the foregoing reasons, Applicants respectfully requests that the present application be reviewed and that the rejection of dependent Claims 3, 15, 19, and 31 be reversed by the appeal conference prior to the filing of an appeal brief.

Respectfully submitted,

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CERTIFICATION OF TRANSMISSION

I hereby certify that this correspondence is being transmitted via the Office electronic filing system in accordance with § 1.6(a)(4) to the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office on February 26, 2008.